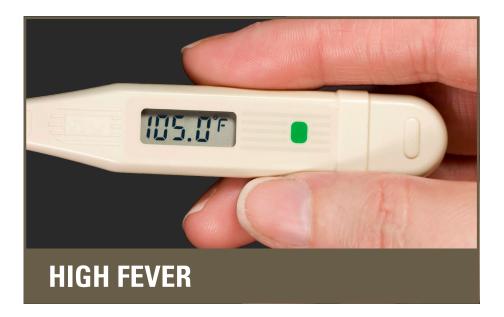
CLASSICAL SWINE FEVER (CSF) A THREAT TO THE U.S. PORK INDUSTRY













Pigs infected with CSF may look similar to animals infected with several domestic and foreign animal diseases including African swine fever (ASF), porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome (PRRS), porcine circovirus associated disease (PCVAD), porcine dermatitis and nephropathy syndrome (PDNS), parvovirus, pseudorabies, and septicemic conditions including erysipelas, salmonellosis, pasteurellosis, actinobacillosis and *Haemophilus parasuis* infection. When observing animals showing the clinical signs above, suspect CSF and contact your veterinarian.

IF YOU SUSPECT A FOREIGN ANIMAL DISEASE:

If you suspect a CSF infection, guarantine your herd. Contact your State or Federal Animal Health Official to report your concerns. Contact information can be obtained by calling (866) 536-7593. You can also call the USDA APHIS Veterinary Services National Center for Animal Health Emergency Management at (800) 940-6524 (24 hours) for assistance.

Photo Credit: USDA APHIS Foreign Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory and Alex Ramirez at Iowa State University College of Veterinary Medicine



United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service **Veterinary Services** 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737 aphis.usda.gov



American Association of Swine Veterinarians (AASV) 830 26th Street Perry, IA 50220 515-465-5255 aasv.org



the Center for Food Security &Public Health IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY®

Center for Food Security and Public Health College of Veterinary Medicine Iowa State University Ames, IA 50011 515-294-7189 www.cfsph.iastate.edu